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COSELEY URBAN DISTRICT COUNCIL

ANNUAL REPORTS

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

AND

Chief Sanitary Inspector

ON THE

Public Health Services

For the Year

1952.

Printed by Order of the Council



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Contents

COMMITTEES AND OFFICERS	Pa	age 3
REPORT OF THE MEDICAL OFFICER OF HEALT	Н	
Section A: Statistics of the Area and Vital Statistics	6-	7
Section B: Infectious Diseases	8-	_9
Section C: General Provisions of Health Services	10—	-11
Section D: SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA	•••••	11
SECTION E: TABLES	12—	-22
REPORT OF THE CHIEF SANITARY INSPECTOR		
Section F: General Supervision		24
Section G: Housing Act 1936		25
Section H: Inspection and Supervision of Foods	26—	-28
Section I: Disinfection, Disinfestation and Control (Vermin; Atmospheric Pollution; Pet Anima Act, 1951		-30
Section J: Factories Acts, 1937 and 1948	30—	-32

Committees

HEALTH COMMITTEE

Chairman:

Councillor Mrs. Turton.

Vice-Chairman: Councillor Mrs. WEBB.

Councillor	Beddow	Councillor	Richards
,,	Bennett	, ,	Adams
, ,	Childs	,,	Allen
,,	Jevons	,,	Cox
,,	Beach	, ,	George
, ,	Davies	, ,	Oliver
, ,	Smout J. W.	, ,	Pointon
,,	Smout R. J	, ,	Taylor
,,	Fieldhouse	,,	Wilson
,,	Phillips		

STAFF OF THE PUBLIC HEALTH DEPARTMENT

Medical Officer of Health—
J. T. A. George, M.B., Ch.B., D.P.H.

Chief Sanitary Inspector and Inspector of Factories—George H. Parkes, C.R.S.I., M.S.I.A., M.I.H.

Additional Sanitary Inspectors—

EDWARD R. SWIFT, Cert. S.I.B.

John G. Davies, (Resigned October, 1952)

JOHN R. PARRY, (From December, 1952)

CLERKS-

MISS M. MAGNESS

MISS G. GUMMER, (From April, 1952)

RODENT OPERATOR AND GENERAL ASSISTANT—ARTHUR GRAINGER.

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Medical Officer of Health

FOR THE YEAR 1952

To the Chairman and Members of the Coseley Urban District Council.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I have much pleasure in submitting my report for the year 1952.

The statistical information elsewhere in this report cannot be regarded as being unsatisfactory with exception of the data relating to the incidence of diphtheria in the area. There has been a further slight fall in the birth-rate, the crude rate being 16.5 per 1,000 population as against 16.7 for 1951. When the comparability factor for the area is applied the rate becomes 15.6 The crude death-rate has declined from 11.6 per 1,000 population in 1951 to 9.67, and the standardised death-rate from 15.2 to 12.67.

Fewer infants have died, the infant mortality rate for 1952 being 31.1 per 1,000 live births as against 41.3 for 1951. As stated in my last report, however, wide variations in the rate are inevitable as only small numbers are involved, and little reliance can be placed on the figures as an accurate index of the standard of living or the health of the people.

There have in general been fewer notifications of infectious disease (see Section B). Unfortunately the wave of diphtheria, which was at its worst in 1940 and 1941, has continued in spite of the heavy programme of immunization carried out late in 1951. It is apparent that Coseley is likely to have the disease for some years to come and for this reason I again stress the need for a really high immunization state amongst school and pre-school children.

There were 79 notifications of tuberculosis during the year and this rise may reflect the increased facilities for diagnosis. There were 13 deaths from this disease; in 1951 there were 22 deaths.

The housing problem persists: directly and indirectly this problem provides the Health Department with the majority of its work. I am aware of no evidence showing that the shortage of suitable houses is any less severe than it was. In Coseley rehousing of the occupants of those houses which are fit only for demolition would expend a number of new houses equal to a 5 years supply at the present rate of building. In addition, the vicious circle of faulty houses, low rents, expensive repairs and hence reluctance of owners to undertake repairs further worsens the situation. Statutory action should be taken as soon as possible, for the longer the problem is shelved the bigger it will become. The apparent present policy of inaction will be a costly one in the long run.

This Department has again concerned itself with atmospheric pollution and several firms have co-operated most satisfactorily in an attempt to eliminate the nuisance. With one exception the westerly parts of the area have no problem other than that arising from domestic smoke. But the eastern districts suffer considerably from pollution and the problem there is not made easier by the proximity of residential and industrial zones. It is difficult to see how more can be done while the legislation is as ineffective as it unfortunately is.

I should like again to record my thanks to all members of the staff of the Health Department for their loyalty and assistance at all times.

I am,

Your obedient servant,
J. T. A. GEORGE.

SECTION A.

STATISTICS OF THE AREA

Area of District in acres	••••				3,294
Population—1951 Census					
Population—Reg. General's Est	imate	(mid.	1952)	*****	35,170
Rateable Value					
Amount of General Rate	•••••		*****		
Sum represented by penny rate					
No. of houses on Rate Book, Se					. 9,752
	*				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
VITAL	STATI	STICS			
Extracts from Vital	Statis	ties for	r the V	⁷ ear	
Births				. 0	
Number of live births registered	d in tl	ne dist	rict		
(Reg. General's figures)—				nales	579
	Males	Fe	males		
Legitimate	271		297		568
Illegitimate	5		6		11
Total	${276}$	-	303		 579
1000		-			
Crude birth rate per 1,000 popu	lation				16.5
Standardised birth rate (area co					15.6
Number of still births registere	_				
(Reg. General's figures)—11	males	s, 5 fen	nales	*****	16
Illegitimate still births				****	Nil
Stillbirth rate per 1,000 populat	ion	•••••	•••••	*****	0.45
Stillbirth rate per 1,000 live and	l stillbi	irths	*****	****	26.9
Deaths					
Number of deaths registered in	the dis	trict			
(Reg. General's figures)—18			femal	es	340
Crude death rate per 1,000 popu	lation		•••••	*****	9.67
Standardised death rate (Area co	mpara	bility	factor	1.31)	12.67
Puerperal Deaths					
Deaths as a result of Pregnancy,	, child	birth (or abo	rtion	1

Number of deaths of infants under one year of age

	Males	Females	
Legitimate	6	12	18
Illegitimate		_	_
Totals	6	12	
Infant mortality per 1,000 Live	e births		31.1
Number of deaths of infants un	nder 4 we	eeks of age.	
	Males	Females	
Legitimate	5	8	13
Illegitimate	_	_	_
Totals			
		•*	Death Rate
Death Rates of Certain Disease	s.	•*	per 1,000 pop.
Respiratory Tuberculosis	S	Deaths 10	per 1,000 pop. 0.28
	S	Deaths	per 1,000 pop.
Respiratory Tuberculosis		Death's 10 3	per 1,000 pop. 0.28
Respiratory Tuberculosis Other forms of Tuberculosis		Death's 10 3	per 1,000 pop. 0.28 0.08
Respiratory Tuberculosis Other forms of Tuberculosis Cancer (all forms, including Le		Death's 10 3 57	per 1,000 pop. 0.28 0.08 1.62
Respiratory Tuberculosis Other forms of Tuberculosis Cancer (all forms, including Le Influenza	 ukaemia 	Deaths 10 3) 57 1	per 1,000 pop. 0.28 0.08 1.62 0.03
Respiratory Tuberculosis Other forms of Tuberculosis Cancer (all forms, including Le Influenza Pneumonia	 ukaemia 	Deaths 10 3) 57 1 20	per 1,000 pop. 0.28 0.08 1.62 0.03 0.57
Respiratory Tuberculosis Other forms of Tuberculosis Cancer (all forms, including Le Influenza Pneumonia Bronchitis Diseases of cardio-vascular sys	 ukaemia tem	Deaths 10 3) 57 1 20 21	per 1,000 pop. 0.28 0.08 1.62 0.03 0.57 0.59
Respiratory Tuberculosis Other forms of Tuberculosis Cancer (all forms, including Le Influenza Pneumonia Bronchitis Diseases of cardio-vascular sys (including Hypertension)	 ukaemia tem stem motor	Deaths 10 3) 57 1 20 21	per 1,000 pop. 0.28 0.08 1.62 0.03 0.57 0.59
Respiratory Tuberculosis Other forms of Tuberculosis Cancer (all forms, including Le Influenza Pneumonia Bronchitis Diseases of cardio-vascular sys (including Hypertension) Vascular lesions of nervous sys Violence (including accidents, accidents, suicide, homicid	ukaemia tem stem motor le, and	Deaths 10 3) 57 1 20 21	per 1,000 pop. 0.28 0.08 1.62 0.03 0.57 0.59

SECTION B

INFECTIOUS DISEASES—NOTIFICATIONS

During the year 682 cases of Infectious Diseases (excluding Tuberculosis) were notified as below:—

Diphtheria	*****	•••••	••••	•••••	46
Scarlet Fever		•••••	•••••	*****	71
Pneumonia	*****	•••••	*****	*****	115
Whooping cou	ıgh	*****	•••••	*****	164
Measles	•••••	*****	•••••	*****	265
Dysentery	•••••	*****	•••••	•••••	5
Erysipelas	*****	•••••	•••	*****	7
Food Poisonin	ng	•••••	•••••	*****	3
Puerperal Pyr	exia		•••••		2
Meningitis	•••••	•••••	•••••		2
Poliomyelitis	****	*****	•••••	•••••	1
Meningococcal	l Infe	ction	••••	*****	1

Diphtheria.

The incidence of diphtheria in Coseley on a scale not now experienced elswhere in the country has continued in 1952. This has been in spite of the unusually large number of school children inoculated during the last quarter of 1951 to which I made a reference in my report for that year.

There has, however, been a change in the age incidence of the disease and this is shown in the following table:—

Age Incidence of Confirmed Cases, 1951 and 1952.

YEAR	0-4 YEARS	5-14 YEARS	15 YEARS AND OVER	All ages
1951	12 (20.7%)	38 (65.5%)	$8 \ (13.8\%)$	58 (100%)
1952	(26.3%)	9 (47.4%)	$(26.3^{\circ}_{\ /\circ})$	19 (100%)

The smaller proportion of school children affected may reasonably be attributed to the mass inoculation of that group late in 1951.

The inoculation history of the 19 confirmed cases of the disease is interesting. None of the 5 adults had been inoculated. 4 of the 9 school children had received no protection, whereas 2 had definitely received inoculations which are normally considered adequate. The parents of the remaining 3 school children claimed that immunisation had been carried out, but the records did not confirm this. Both parents and records are, of course, fallible. Of the 5 preschool children, only one had received prophylactic inoculations; none of the remaining 4 children, of whom one died, had been immunised.

These facts make clear the parents' duty with regard to prevention of this disease.

In addition to the 19 confirmed cases during the year, there were 27 unconfirmed notifications of which 4 received a final diagnosis of diphtheria carrier.

Tuberculosis.

79 cases were notified and there were 13 deaths.

TOTAL Year MALES FEMALES

Notifications

Our Health visitors made 49 first visits and 269 re-visits to tuberculosis cases during the year.

Food Poisoning.

There were three isolated cases of food poisoning notified and confirmed during the year. There were no deaths.

SECTION C.

GENERAL PROVISION OF HEALTH SERVICES FOR THE AREA

A list of the Officials of the Health Department will be found at the beginning of this report.

1. (a) Laboratory Facilities.

The District is served by the County Laboratory at Stafford.

Results of certain swabs are given below.

	Res		
Disease	Negative	Positive	Totals
Diphtheria	400	31	431
Tuberculosis	327	49	376

(b) Ambulance Service.

The ambulance service is run by the County Council and there is an Ambulance Station situated centrally in this District.

(c) Nursing in the Home.

The Home Nursing Services are provided by the County Council and the District Nurses occupy No. 2, Littleworth Avenue, Woodsetton.

(d) Hospitals.

The District is served by the following hospitals:—

GENERAL

Royal Hospital, Wolverhampton Guest Hospital, Dudley.

Infectious Diseases

Moxley Hospital, Wednesbury. Bilston Isolation Hospital. Brierley Hill Isolation Hospital. Borough Hospital, Wolverhampton.

MATERNITY

Rosemary Ednam, Sedgley. Women's Hospital, Wolverhampton.

OTHER

The Eye Infirmary, Wolverhampton.

SECTION D.

SANITARY CIRCUMSTANCES OF THE AREA

Water Supply.

Water is supplied to the district by the South Staffordshire Water Company and by the boroughs of Wolverhampton and Bilston.

The quality of the water in all areas has been good and eight analyses in 1952 have all been satisfactory.

As a result of works undertaken during the year the quantity in certain areas, which had been the subject of complaint, has improved greatly.

Closet Accommodation.

There are still a few houses in the district not connected to the Water Carriage System. This is due to the latter not being readily available, and in some cases the houses are too low for the Sewer.

Public Cleansing.

The Health Department is not responsible for this Service and supervision is by the Transport, Cleansing and Stores Committee of the Council.

SECTION E. TABLES

TABLE 1
DEATHS FROM VARIOUS CAUSES

TABLE II.

DEATHS FROM VARIOUS CAUSES 1943-1952.

TABLE ÎIÎ.

QUARTERLY SUMMARY OF DEATHS ARRANGED ÎN AGE GROUPS

	lst	Qtr.	2nd	Qtr.	3rd	Qtr.	4th	Qtr.	То	otal	Percent-
	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	age
Under 1 year 2—5 years	2	5 1	$\begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	1	1	1	1	3	$\frac{7}{3}$	10	5.0
6—10 years	_	- -		-		l	-	-	_	4	$\frac{2.1}{0.3}$
11—15 years 16—25 years		2 -	-	- l	$\frac{1}{3}$	- 1	_	$\frac{-}{2}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{2}{4}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1.2 \\ 2.1 \end{array}$
26—35 years 36—45 years	_	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$	1 _	$\frac{3}{3}$	1 -	$\frac{2}{4}$	_	7 11	$\frac{3}{2}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.9 \\ 3.8 \end{array}$
46—55 years 56—65 years	10	4 9	5 8	$\frac{3}{8}$	$\frac{3}{7}$	$\frac{2}{3}$	6 8	$\frac{4}{12}$	19 35	$\frac{13}{32}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 9.4 \\ 19.7 \end{array}$
66—80 years 81 yrs. and over		14 11	$\frac{15}{3}$	9 5	$\frac{16}{3}$	11 3	14 11	15 15	$\begin{array}{c} 75 \\ 24 \end{array}$	$\frac{49}{34}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} 36.5 \\ 17.1 \end{array} $
		49	41	29	40	$\frac{3}{24}$	47	52	186	154	100
TOTALS	90	40	41	49	40	4 4	41	9∠	100	104	100

TABLE IV.

VITAL STATISTICS DURING 1943-1952.

	Dopulation	Net Births		Deaths belonging to the District				
Year	Population Estimate at the	No.	Rate per 1,000	Under	l yr. of age	At	all Ages	
1 Car	middle of each Year	110.	Population	No.	Rate per 1,000 Live Births	No.	Rate per 1,000 Population	
1943	30,280	$\frac{-}{683}$	22.55	42	61.49	316	10.43	
1944	30,460	695	22.8	45	64.7	296	9.71	
1945	30,330	623	20.53	29	46.54	335	11.04	
1946	31,420	652	20.74	30	46.01	302	9.61	
1947	32,210	690	21.4	35	50.7	349	10.83	
1948	33,020	615	19.68	26	42.26	288	8.66	
1949	33,480	610	18.82	13	20.83	317	9.46	
1950	33,850	582	17.19	28	47.3	347	10.25	
1951	34,720	581	16.73	24	41.3	404	11.6	
1952	35,170	579	16.46	18	31.1	340	9.67	

TABLE V.

BIRTH-RATES, DEATH-RATES, ANALYSIS OF MORTALITY AND

CASE-RATES FOR CERTAIN DISEASES FOR THE YEAR 1952.

England and Wales					
Digith Still Births Still Birt		and Wales	Boroughs and Great Towns including London	Towns (Resident Populations 25,000 to 50,000 at 1951 Census)	1952 Crude Rates
Live Births Still		Rat	tes per 1,000 C	ivilian Popula	tion
All Causes	Live Births	15.3	16.9	15.5	16.46
Influenza	All Causes Typhoid & Paratyphoid Whooping Cough Diphtheria	$0.00 \\ 0.00 \\ 0.00$	0.00 0.00 0.00	$0.00 \\ 0.00 \\ 0.00$	$0.00 \\ 0.00 \\ 0.03$
Pneumonia	Influenza Smallpox Acute Poliomyelitis (in-	$0.04 \\ 0.00$	0.04 0.00	0.04 0.00	$0.03 \\ 0.00$
Typhoid Fever 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Paratyphoid Fever 0.02 0.02 0.03 0.00 Meningococcal Infection 0.03 0.03 0.03 0.03 Scarlet Fever 1.53 1.75 1.58 1.99 Whooping Cough 2.61 2.74 2.57 4.66 Diphtheria 0.01 0.01 0.03 0.54 Erysipelas 0.14 0.15 0.12 0.20 Smallpox 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 Measles 8.86 10.11 8.49 7.53 Pneumonia 0.72 0.80 0.62 2.99 Acute Poliomyelitis (including Polioencephalitis) 0.03 0.03 0.02 0.03 Food Poisoning 0.03 0.03 0.02 0.03 Food Poisoning 27.6 31.2 25.8 31.1 Enteritis and Diarrhoea under 2 years of age 1.1 1.3 0.5 1.73 Rates pe			L .		1
Food Poisoning 0.13 0.16 0.11 0.09 Rates per 1,000 Live Births Puerperal Fever and Diarrhoea (Notifications Corrected) Puerperal Fever and Page Rates per 1,000 Total (Live and Still) Births	Typhoid Fever Paratyphoid Fever Meningococcal Infection Scarlet Fever Whooping Cough Diphtheria Erysipelas Smallpox Measles Pneumonia Acute Poliomyelitis (including Polioencephalitis) Paralytic	0.02 0.03 1.53 2.61 0.01 0.14 0.00 8.86 0.72	$\begin{array}{c} 0.02 \\ 0.03 \\ 1.75 \\ 2.74 \\ 0.01 \\ 0.15 \\ 0.00 \\ 10.11 \\ 0.80 \\ \end{array}$	$egin{array}{c} 0.03 \\ 0.03 \\ 1.58 \\ 2.57 \\ 0.03 \\ 0.12 \\ 0.00 \\ 8.49 \\ 0.62 \\ \hline \end{array}$	0.00 0.03 1.99 4.66 0.54 0.20 0.00 7.53 2.99
Deaths: All causes under 1 year of age	Food Poisoning	0.13	0.16		
of age 27.6 31.2 25.8 31.1 Enteritis and Diarrhoea under 2 years of age 1.1 1.3 0.5 1.73 Rates per 1,000 Total (Live and Still) Births (Notifications Corrected) Puerperal Fever and			Rates per 1,00	00 Live Births	
(Notifications Corrected) Puerperal Fever and	of age Enteritis and Diarrhoea			25.8	31.1
(Notifications Corrected) Puerperal Fever and	under 2 years of age	1.1	1.3	0.5	1.73
D		Rates p	er 1,000 Total	(Live and Still	l) Births
25.94 10.22 3.36	Pyrexia	17.87	23.94	10.22	3.36

TABLE VI.

INFANT MORTALITY IN COSELEY DURING THE YEAR 1951.

DEATHS FROM STATED CAUSES AT VARIOUS AGES UNDER ONE YEAR.

Cause of Death	01	ek	seco	ond) ek	th	n ird eek F.	four we M.	rth	01	der ne nth	mt			-6 hs. F.		_9 ths. F.		-12 hs. F.	dea un	otal athi der ne ear F.
T.B. Meningitis		_ '	_	-	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_
Milary Tuberculosis	_	- 1	_	-	_	_		_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	-
Bronchitis	_	_	_	-	_		-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
Pneumonia	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	1	_	_	-	1	-	-3
Other Respiratory																				
Diseases	_	_	-	_	_	_	_		-	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_
Diarrhoea and																				
Enteritis	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	-		_	_	_	-	_	_	1	_	_	-	1
Congenital debility	2	_	_	1	1	_	-	_	3	1	-	_	-	_	-	_	-	_	3	1
Prematurity	_	3	_	1	_	_	-	_	_	4	_	_	-		-	_	_	_	-	4
Other Diseases		3	2	-	_	_	-	-1	2	3	1	-	_	_	-	_	-	_	3	3
													-		1					
TOTALS	2	6	2	2	1	_	_	-	5	8	1	1	-	1	-	1	-	1	6	12
																	1			

TABLE VII.

DEATHS FROM CERTAIN INFECTIOUS DISEASES 1943-1952

	1943	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952
Enteric Fever	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Scarlet Fever	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Diphtheria	4	4	1	-	2	2	2	-	1	1
Whooping Cough	3	_	2	3	-	1	_	-	1	-
Diarrhoea (under 2 years)	4	10	5	5	5	4	2	-	-	
Measles	2	-	3		4	_	1	_	1	1
TOTALS	13	14	11	8	11	7	5		3	2

TABLE VIII.

DEATHS IN INSTITUTIONS DURING 1952.

		l solu		10		^1		, Carri arministra	?1			The state of the state of
	4th Otr.		1	10	91	?1	٠٠٠ 	• •	. 1	agaringuage rise . In	\$\frac{\pi}{21}	
AL	3rd Qtr.	21	ļ	ಣ	10	ಣ	G F	 	~~		300	0+1
TOTAL	2nd Qtr.	21		ಣ	-+	÷1	_	7.0	andi		100	
	1st Qtr.	∞	1		17	41	1	[17	Balanta vere e e e este alla este e	7	
	4th Qtr.	ગ	I	7	ro	P	গ	_	61		-#	
LES	3rd Qtr.		1	n	ಣ	ı	-	ণ	_		10	
FEMALES	2nd Qtr.	ı	I	31	7	ા	_	જા	_		15	58
	lst Qtr.	গ	ı	l	7	21	I	ದ	က		61	
	4th Qtr.	ଚୀ	l	₹	10	_	_	าา			155	
ES	3rd Qtr.	11	ı	_	7	ဢ	-	<u>, </u>	જા	***************************************	26	85
MALES	2nd Qtr.	જા	1	_	7	1	1	က	ಣ		16	× ×
	lst Qtr.	9	ı	_	10	÷1	I	↑1	₩		25	
		Royal Hospital, W'hampton	Women's Hospital, W'hampton	Guest Hospital, Dudley	Burton Road	Sandfield House, Wordsley	Infectious Diseases Hospital	323, W'ton Road, Heath Town	Others		TOTALS	YEARLY

TABLE IX.

AGE GROUPS OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES (EXCLUDING TUBERCULOSIS)—CONFIRMED CASES

At all ages	H	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	301
At	M.	6 4 4 4 7 3 3 4 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	351
66 & over	H.		11
00 ov	M.		11
46-65 years	T.	- 4 -	9
46- yea	M.	7 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	26
26-45 years	T.	13 13 13 13 13 13 13 13	18
26- yea	M.	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	25
16-25 years	ਸ਼.	1-1-1111	4
16-25 years	M.	1	6
15 urs	ĮŢ.		3
11-15 years	M.	mm	8
01 01	T.	10 10 1 1 1 1 1 1	48
6-10 years	M.	111 - 22	37
5 rs	ΙΞİ	6 6 6 7 47 47 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	70
4-5 years	M.	181	74
4 .rs	ĮΞi	14 2	36
3-4 years	M.	2 6 113 1 13	44
3 TS	표.	211 1 23 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	40
2-3 years	M.	- 4 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	53
2 .rs	Ţ.	2371121	45
Under 1-2 1 year years	M.	21 - 1 - 3 - 1 - 2 - 3 - 1 - 2	22 20 45 45
	Œ.	1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	20
Under 1 year	M.	111811891111	22
·			
	DISEASE	Diphtheria	TOTALS

	Total Cases Notified	Admitted to Hospital	No. of Cases Revised	No. of Confirmed Cases	Total Deaths
Diphtheria	46	46	27	19	1
Scarlet Fever	71	36	1	70	—
Erysipelas	7	_		7	—
Pneumonia	115	10	2	113	20
Poliomyelitis		l	—	1	_
Meningitis	2	2		2	_
Whooping Cough	164	3		164	—
Measles	1	i		265	1
Dysentery			—	5	
Food poisoning		-	—	3	
Puerperal Pyrexia	2	_		2	—
Meningococcal Infection	1	_	—	l	
TOTALS	682	99	30	625	22

TABLE XI.

MONTHLY NOTIFICATION OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES

Months	Diphtheria	Scarlet Fever	Erysipelas	Pneumonia	Food Poisoning	Polioniyelitis	Meningitis	Whooping Cough	Measles	Dysentery	Puerperal Pyrexia	Meningococcal Infection	Totals
January	8	11	l	14	2	_	_	20	l	_		_	57
February	1	8	_	13	_	_	_	20	3	_	_	_	45
March	3	8	1	17	_	_	_	40	15	3	_	_	87
April	_	5	_	19	_	_	1	35	16	_	_	_	76
May	l	8	_	8	_	_	_	13	32	_	_	_	62
June	5	7	1	9	-	_	_	8	21	_	1	_	52
July	6	2	2	5	_	l	_	9	32	_	_	_	57
August	3	5	_	3		_	_	10	11	2	_	_	34
September	4	1	_	6	1	_	1	1	5		_	_	19
October	5	5	-	4	_	_	_	4	- 6	Barrate	_	1	25
November	5	5	2	8	_	_	_	4	61	_	_	_	85
December	5	6	_ :	9	_	-	-		62	_	l	_	83
TOTALS	46	71	7	115	3	l	2	164	265	5	2	1	682

NEW CASES AND DEATHS FROM TUBERCULOSIS 1951.

-	TOTAL DEATHS	M. F.	
Deaths	Non- Pulmonary	M. F.	
DEA	Pulmonary	M. F.	
Total	New Cases	M. F.	- 3 1 3 4 6 4 10 7 7 5 11 1
CASES	Non- Pulmonary	M. F.	3 4
NEW	Pulmonary	M. F.	1
	AGE GROUPS		2—5 "." 6—10 "." 11—15 "." 16—20 "." 21—25 "." 26—35 "." 46—65 "." TOTALS

TABLE X111.

DEATHS FROM TUBERCULOSIS DURING THE YEARS 1947-1952

		Dеа	тнѕ			THE CASE OF THE CA
YEAR	Pulm	ionary	Non-Pul	lmonary	TOTAL	DEATHS
	M.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.
1947 1948	7	11			7 15	11
$ \begin{array}{c c} 1949 \\ 1950 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 10 \end{array}$	5 5	$\frac{1}{3}$	2	15 12	5 7
$1951 \\ 1952$	11 6	7 4	$\frac{3}{2}$	1	14 8	8 5

TABLE XIV.

CANCER DEATHS—AGE GROUPS AND PARTS AFFECTED

	i	15 ars		-25 ars		-35 ars		-45 ars		-65 ars	1	3 & ver	То	TAL
	M.	F.	М.	F.	Μ.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.
Lung and Bronchus	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	4	_	3		8	
Breast		_	-	-	_	_	_	1	-	-	-	4	_	5
Caecum, Colon, Rectum		-	_	_		_	_		1	3	5	_	6	3
Stomach & Oesophagus	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	1	5	1	3	3	8	5
Ovaries and Uterus	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	3	_	2	_	5
Brain	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Liver-gall, Bladder,														
Pancreas	_	-	-	_	_	_	-		_	1	1	1	1	2
TELL														
Kidney, Prostate	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	_	1.	1	_		1	1 1
Ext. Genitals	-	-	_	_	-	_	_		-	_	_	_	_	
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	1	_		_	_	2	-	3	3	5	4
TOTALS	_	_	_	1	_		1	2	13	9	${15}$	13	29	25
			- 3		10			2	10	,,	10	10	29	40

CHART SHOWING PRINCIPAL CAUSES OF DEATH IN COSELEY IN 1952

-									۱					
		CAUSE OF DEATH	10	20	30	40	50	09	70	80	06	100	110	120
		Diseases of Heart & Circulation								83				
ા	21	Cancer and Leukaemia					5	-57						
<u> </u>	30	Intracranial Vascular Lesions				45								
त्ता	स्त	Bronchitis		-21										
ರ	10	Pneumonia		-20										
9	9	Violence of all types				4	No of Deaths	eaths						
[~	-1	Tuberculosis	61											
∞	20	Congenital Malformations	Ţ.											
6		Peptic Ulcer	4											
10	0	Gastritis, Enteritis & Diarrhoea	2											
		Influenza	-1-											
12	<u> </u>	Nephritis and Nephrosis	i											
13	88	Diabetes	smord 											
4	**	All Other Causes						02	0					

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

Chief Sanitary Inspector

FOR THE YEAR 1952

To the Chairman and Members of the Coseley Urban District Council.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to present to you my report for the year 1952.

We have continued to pay attention to food preparation premises and also food shops. The making of iced lollies is a subject which in my opinion will eventually have to be dealt with by legislation; whether or not a standard of composition, in addition to standards of cleanliness, should be made is a matter of opinion. These sweetmeats are usually consumed by children and only the best is good enough.

The prevention of atmospheric pollution is a subject which calls for much consideration and understanding application. The subject is rightly assuming increased public importance, and the burden of inquiry, which in the past has been left to a few Authorities, is spreading. If this and other Districts want to eliminate this menace, many of the present industrial processes will have to undergo very big changes. One should not, however, forget the domestic chimneys, for without doubt, these are big offenders. Perhaps with the ushering in of the Atomic Age we may see many beneficial effects, amongst them a diminution of atmospheric pollution, rather than destructive ones.

The problem of the worn out, back-to-back and non-through types of dwelling house is still a formidable one to tackle. In many instances it is impossible to bring them up to a reasonable standard. All that one can hope for at the moment is to try to keep them weatherproof and free from serious defects.

I would like to tender my best thanks to the staff of my own Department for their continued support throughout the year, and also to the Medical Officer of Health for his able advice and cooperation at all times.

I am,

Your obedient servant,

G. H. PARKES.

SECTION F.

GENERAL SUPERVISION

Routine Inspections.

The total inspections of all types numbered 7805. The number of complaints of all types dealt with was 1,088 and 2,925 visits were paid in connection with the following up of notices.

Notices.

273 "Preliminary" and 193 "Abatement" notices were served during the year.

Public Health Act 1936.

Legal action concerning notices served under the Public Health Act, 1936, and not compiled with was taken in the following instances:—

11a, 11b, High Street. Bk. of 37 Summerhill Road.

Summary of Inspections

Atmospheric Observa	ations				86
	1110115	*****	•••••	*****	47
Bakehouses	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	
Complaints	*****	*****	*****	*****	1,088
Drains inspected	•••••	•••••	•••••	•••••	73
Factories	•••••	*****	•••••	*****	78
Food preparing prem	nises	•••••	•••••	*****	114
Fried fish shops	•••••	•••••	•••••		90
Houses disinfected		*****	*****	*****	142
Houses disinfested	•••••	•••••	•••••		162
Houses inspected	•••••		•••••	•••••	114
Infectious Diseases			*****	*****	170
Ice cream premises	*****	•••••		•••••	160
Meat shops	••••	*****	*****		456
Moveable dwellings	•••••		•••••	•••••	187
Offensive trades	*****	*****		•••••	49
Other food shops	*****	*****	****	*****	168
Outworkers premises		*****	*****		135
Overcrowding (check		• • • • •			64
Pig keeping		•••••	*****		59
Slaughterhouses	•••••				183
Slaughter on private	premis	ses	•••••	****	42
Works ordered			*****		2,126
Works in progress	*****	*****	*****	••••	799
Miscellaneous visits			••••		747
Interviews	*****		****		1,001

SECTION G.

HOUSING ACT 1936. Section 11.

The following houses were represented during the year:—

Anchor Road, 13, 14.

Albert Street, 37, 38.

Bellvue Street, 8.

Chell Street, 3, 4.

Daisy Street, 8, 9, 11, 12.

Dolmans Row, 8, 11, 12.

Lorne Street, 5, 6.

Meadow Lane, 6.

Millfield Road, 22a, 23, 24.

Parkfield Road, 741, 742.

Perry Street, 1, 2, 3, 4.

Queen Street, 1, 2, 3.

Regent Street, 82, 83.

Stanleys Lane, 11, 12/13, 14, 15,

Stanleys Lane, 17, 19, 20, 23.

Sheldons Terrace, 17, 21, 22.

Union Street, 13, 14.

Vernon Street, 19, 20, 21.

Wallbrook Street, 22, 23, 24, 25.

Walter Street, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16,

17, 18, 19.

Houses demolished due to action taken:-

Broad Lanes, 109, 110, 111.

Bloomfield Road, 26.

Daisy Street, 13, 14, 15, 16.

Havacre Lane, 9.

Mason Street, 65, 66.

Parkes Hall Road, 25, 26.

Rose Street, 2.

Vernon Street, 19, 20, 21.

Houses occupied on which demolition orders are operative:—

Albert Street, 37, 38.

Chell Street, 3, 4.

Dolmans Row, 11, 12.

Johnson Street, 12.

Lorne Street, 23, 26, 28.

Parkes Hall Road, 14.

Parkfield Colliery, 6.

Parkfield Road, 735, 741, 742.

Queen Street, 1, 2, 3.

Rookery Road, 4.

Walter Street, 11, 12, 13, 14, 16,

17, 18, 19.

Houses unoccupied on which demolition orders are operative :—

Ash Street, 52. Eve Lane, 34.

Da

Summerhouse Road, 15.

Parkfield Road, 734, 740.

SECTION H.

Inspection and Supervision of Foods.

During the year 183 visits were paid to Gill's Bacon Factory, Parkfield Road, and 42 visits to private premises on the occasion of the slaughter of pigs.

The number of pigs slaughtered and inspected was as follows:—

PIG CARCASES INSPECTED AND CONDEMNED

Number killed (as far as is known)	A COLUMN TO THE RESIDENCE OF THE PERSON OF T	5324
Number inspected		5324
All diseases except Tuberculosis: Whole carcases condemned		Nil.
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned		5 0
Percentage of the number inspected infected with disease other than T.B	•••••	0.94
Tuberculosis only: Whole carcases condemned	•••••	Nil.
Carcases of which some part or organ was condemned		75
Percentage of the number inspected infected with T.B	•••••	1.4

Ice Cream.

At the end of 1952 there were 58 registered premises for the sale of ice cream and of these 5 were first registered during the year.

The majority of these premises sell pre-packed ice cream only and this to some extent lessens the risk of faulty handling.

Iced Lollies

It is unfortunate that the premises on which these palatable, refreshing and popular preparations for the younger folk are made, stored and sold are still not called upon to be compulsorily regist-

ered with the Local Authority. While one is aware that the Food and Drugs Act 1938 applies to the manufacture and sale of food—and food includes iced lollies, the registration of these premises is nevertheless a much needed requirement. I am, however, pleased to report that no single case of dirty lollies has been reported and I believe our shop keepers do their best to ensure a clean storage and service.

Milk (Special Designation) Regulations 1949.

During the year the following licences were issued:—

- "Tuberculin Tested"—11.
- "Sterilised"—62.
- "Pasteurised"—18.

Fried Fish Premises.

During the year 90 visits have been made to the 30 fish frying premises in the district. The proprietors of these businesses have, in general, co-operated with us in our efforts to maintain satisfactory cleanliness in their premises. In no case have we had to take statutory action to enforce a good standard.

Meat Condemned.			Approx.
			Weights
60 Pig's heads affected with Tuberculosis	*****	•=•••	809 lbs.
31 Pigs' frys affected with Tuberculosis	•••		217 lbs.
23 Pairs of lungs affected with Pneumonia			34 lbs.
4 Pigs' livers affected with Cirrhosis	*****	****	16 lbs.
20 Pigs' hearts affected with Pericarditis	*** **	** ***	15 lbs.
5 Pigs' frys affected with Pneumonia	*****	*****	35 lbs.
Total			1126 lbs.

Other Foods Condemned.

(a) Canned or bottled.

	Tins		Tins
Apple sauce	18	Minced beef loaf	1
Apples, Sliced	49	Meat and Gravy	3
Apples and Blackberries	14	Orange juice	1
Apple puddings	5	Orange segments	3
Apricot cup	1	Ox tongue	3
Apricot pulp	1	Oranges (mandarin)	6
Beans in tomato	7	Pork luncheon meat	47
Brislings	20	Pears	3

Other Foods—continued

		Tins			Tins
Bilberries		1	Pineapple crush		5
Chocolate spread	• • • • •	1	Pork, Danish		2
Chamina (nod)	•••••	798	Peas (processed)		13
Chielran (handless)		4	Peas (garden)	*****	22
Chielzen coup		4	Plums		$\frac{-}{29}$
Crob		7	Pilchards		1
Coconut (abradded)		1	Pork brawn		3
Cod roe (hard)		3	Paite fois		$\frac{12}{12}$
Damsons		$\ddot{3}$	Shrimps (peeled)		16
Dutch brawn		$\overset{\circ}{2}$	Salmon	*****	5
Gooseberries		$\overline{2}$	Stewed steak	*****	8
C (ī	Strawberries	*****	15
Ham (boneless)		15	Silver beet	*****	16
Luncheon Meat		4	Sour chow	*****	12
Lambs tongue		l	Spinach	*****	4
Milk (full-cream)		3	Sausage and spagh		$\frac{1}{2}$
Milk (evaporated)		29	Sheeps tongue		1
Meat loaf	•••••	1	Shrimps		$\frac{1}{2}$
Tomatoes		101	Veal (jellied)	*****	1
Tomato sauce		l	Vegetable soup	*****	î
Tomato sauce	•••••	•	vegetable soup	*****	1
		Jars			Jars
Damsons		1	Pears	•••••	78
Fruit salad		l	Pineapple	•••••	13
Gooseberries		ī	Salad cream	•••••	6
Peaches		44			
		T			
		Bottles			

(b) Loose

Horse radish sauce

		Weights
Bakers' couvertus	re	35 lbs.
Bacon (rolled)	*****	$12\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.
Coconut (desiccat	ed)	98 lbs.
Cheese	*****	$2\frac{1}{2}$ lbs.
Dates (stoned)	*****	128 lbs.
Egg powder	*****	6 lbs.
Mustard	*****	14 lbs.
Peas (blue)	*****	448 lbs.
Potato crips		300 bags.

39

SECTION I.

PESTS ACT 1949

Sewers.

During the year ending March 31st, 1953, portions of the sewer manholes were treated in accordance with the instructions of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries. Once again the treatments proved that we had no serious infestation.

Dwelling Houses.

184 dwelling houses were visited regarding rat and 54 regarding mice infestations. Re-visits in connection with treatment totalled 552.

Business Premises.

139 visits were paid to business premises. This number includes visits for test-baitings at works' canteens.

Council-Owned Properties.

The tips, sewage works, brook courses, etc., were treated as and when treatment was found to be necessary. Portions of the sewers, in accordance with the requirements of the Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries, were also attended to.

Private House Drains.

29 drains were opened and cleansed by this Department on payment. In quite a number of cases charges were proportionally made on different owners whose houses were connected to one drainage system. I should point out that we only rod the drains and do not undertake any repairs or reconstruction.

Atmospheric Pollution.

This problem continues to give rise to much work for this Department. Many of the problems are original ones for which there is no proved accepted cure. For example, I believe that a foundry in our area is one of the first (if not the first) in the Midlands to have tackled successfully the problem of pollution due to dust emitted from a pulverised fuel plant.

Another factory has installed dust extractors of a French design which are the first of their type to be used in the Midlands. These extractors appear to be working satisfactorily and orders for more plant of the same type have been placed. The same firm is considering the use of spray spark arrestors on its cupolas. In nearly all of these problems there are individual technical difficulties to be overcome.

Other firms are becoming more conscious of the desirability of a cleaner atmosphere and while there is no time for complacency, I am sure the efforts made will in due course result in a worthwhile improvement.

29

I should like to mention Mr. Starbuck, Chief Analyst of Messrs. Stewart & Lloyds, and his staff, who every month carry out the analysis of the Lead Peroxide and Deposit Gauges. Their willingness and co-operation in this matter is greatly appreciated.

Disinfections.

142 houses were disinfected after cases of Diphtheria, Scarlet Fever, and terminal Pulmonary Tuberculosis.

Disinfestations.

Prevailing practice in this matter has been continued during 1952. Quite a number of householders came for advice, and this and practical help has been given concerning the elimination of the many types of infestations. Infestations in the district is not thought to be complained of, services where the amount of overcrowding still existing is considered.

Offensive Trades.

The only premises in the district at which an offensive trade (gut-scraping) is carried on are visited regularly, and the owner is always co-operative in keeping the premises in a clean and wholesome condition.

SECTION J. FACTORIES ACT, 1937 and 1948

1.—Inspections for purposes of provisions as to health (including inspections made by Sanitary Inspectors).

Service Commission (Control Control	Number		Number of		
Premises	on Register	Inspections	Written notices	Occupiers prosecuted	
(i) Factories in which Sections 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6 are to be enforced by Local Authorities	19	47	3	Nil.	
(ii) Factories not included in (i) in which Section 7 is enforced by the local Authority	85	78	2	Nil.	
(iii) Other premises in which Section 7 is enforced by the Local Authority (excluding	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	
out-workers premises) TOTAL	104	125	5	Nil.	

2.—Cases in which **Defects** were found.

Secretarian to the control of the co	Number of cases in which defects were found				Number of cases in
Particulars	Found	Remedied	Referred To H.M. By H.M. Inspector Inspector		which prosecutions were instituted
Want of cleanliness	3	3	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Overcrowding	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Unreasonable temperature	Nil.	2	Nil.	2	Nil.
Inadequate ventilation	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Ineffective drainage of floors	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Sanitary Conveniences (a) insufficient	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
(b) Unsuitable or defective	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
(c) Not separate for sexes	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Other offences against the Act (not includ- ing offences relating to Outwork)	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
TOTAL	3	5	Nil.	2	Nil.

Part VIII of the Act

OUTWORK

(Sections 110 and 111)

More to Albertauron	Prosecutions	Nii.	Zii.	Nil.
SECTION 111	Notices	Nii.	Nil.	Nil.
	No. of instances of work in unwholesome premises	Nii.	Nil.	Nil.
	No. of prosecu- tions for failure to supply lists	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
Section 110	No. of cases of default in sending lists to the Council	Nil.	Nii.	Nil.
	No. of inspections in August list required by Sect. 110 (1) (c)	67	88	\\ \tag{8}
Nature of Work		Wearing apparel (Making, etc., Cleaning	and Washing) Carding, etc. of buttons, etc	TOTAL

Outworkers Premises.

135 Outworkers' premises have been visited during the year. No case of Infectious Disease has been notified among them.



